

Discovery of high-Tc superconductivity in a nickelate under pressure

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High-transition-temperature (high-Tc) superconductivity in cuprates has been discovered for more than three decades, but the underlying mechanism remains a mystery. Cuprates are the only unconventional superconducting family that hosts bulk superconductivity with Tcs above the liquid nitrogen boiling temperature at 77 Kelvin. We found superconductivity in single crystals of La₃Ni₂O₇ grown by the high-pressure floating zone method with a maximum Tc of 80 K at pressures between 14.0-43.5 gigapascals [1,2]. Our collaborators have confirmed the high Tc superconductivity on our samples independently [3-5]. The superconducting phase under high pressure exhibits an orthorhombic structure of Fmmm space group with the 3dx²-y² and 3dz² orbitals of Ni cations strongly mixing with oxygen 2p orbitals [2,6]. Density functional theory calculations suggest the superconductivity emerges coincidentally with the metallization of the \tilde{C} -bonding bands under the Fermi level, consisting of the 3dz² orbitals with the apical oxygens connecting Ni-O bilayers. ARPES and infrared measurements are consistent with our theoretical expectations [7,8]. Thus, the discoveries not only reveal important clues for the high-Tc superconductivity in this Ruddlesden-Popper double-layered perovskite nickelates but also provide a new family of compounds to investigate the high-Tc superconductivity mechanism. Indeed, La₄Ni₃O₁₀ has also been found superconductivity below 20 K under pressure. The new progresses in the studies of nickelate high Tc superconductors will be introduced.

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